UNİSYS

DATE:

August 1, 1994

PPM-94-**b**15

TO:

J. Lohr/311.1

FROM:

K. Şahu/300,1 55-

SUBJECT:

Radiation Report on CASSINI/CIRS

Part No. PA10A Control No. 10903

cc: A. 3

A. Sharma/311 Library/300.1

A radiation evaluation was performed on PA10A (Power operational amplifier) to determine the total dose tolerance of these parts. A brief summary of the test results is provided below. For detailed information, refer to Tables I through IV and Figure 1.

The total dose testing was performed using a cobalt-60 gamma ray source. During the radiation testing, five parts were irradiated under bias (see Figure 1 for bias configuration), and one part was used as a control sample. The total dose radiation levels were 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 50, 75 and 100 krads*. The dose rate was between 0.075 and 1.25 krads/hour, depending on the total dose level (see Table II for radiation schedule). After the 100 krad irradiation, parts were annealed at 25°C for 168 hours, after which the parts were annealed at 100°C for 168 hours. After each radiation exposure and annealing treatment, parts were electrically tested according to the test conditions and the specification limits** listed in Table III.

All parts passed initial electrical measurements. All irradiated parts passed all electrical tests up to the 5 krad level. After the 10 krad and 15 krad irradiation levels, S/N 14 exceeded the maximum specification limit of ± 30 nA for N_IIB, with readings of 31.3 nA and 41.2 nA. After the 20 krad irradiation, S/N 14 reading for N_IIB was within the specification limits. But S/N 12 and S/N 15 exceeded the maximum limit for N_IIB, with readings of 30.5 nA and 35.3 nA. After the 30 krad irradiation, the same failures continued, with readings of 35.9 nA and 31.0 nA. In addition, S/N 13 and S/N 14 exceeded the maximum limit for N_IIB, with readings in the range of 41 nA to 61 nA. In addition S/N 11 exceeded the maximum limit for N_IIB, with a reading of 36.8 nA and S/N 14 exceeded the maximum specification limit of ± 30 nA for P_IIB, with a reading of 34.1 nA. After the 75 krad irradiation, all parts exceeded the maximum limit for N_IIB, with readings in the range of 45 nA to 63 nA. All parts except S/N 11 exceeded the maximum limit for P_IIB, with readings in the range of 37 nA to 43 nA. At the 100 krad irradiation level, all parts continued to exceed the maximum limit for P_IIB, with readings in the range of 41 nA to 51 nA.

After annealing for 168 hours at 25°C, all parts continued to exceed the maximum limit for N_IIB, with readings in the range of 44 to 67 nA and all parts except S/N 11 continued to exceed the maximum limit for P_IIB, with readings in the range of 34 nA to 43 nA.

After annealing for 168 hours at 100°C, no rebound effects were observed in the parts.

^{*}The term rads, as used in this document, means rads(silicon). All radiation levels cited are cumulative.

^{**}These are manufacturer's non-irradiation data specification limits. No post-irradiation limits were provided by the manufacturer at the time these tests were performed.

Table IV provides a see many of the mean and standard deviation values for each parameter after different irradiation exposures and annealing steps.

Any further details about this evaluation can be obtained upon request. If you have any questions, please call me at (301) 731-8954.

ADVISORY ON THE USE OF THIS DOCUMENT

The information contained in this document has been developed solely for the purpose of providing general guidance to employees of the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC). This document may be distributed outside GSFC only as a courtesy to other government agencies and contractors. Any distribution of this document, or application or use of the information contained herein, is expressly conditional upon, and is subject to, the following understandings and limitations:

- (a) The information was developed for general guidance only and is subject to change at any time;
- (b) The information was developed under unique GSFC laboratory conditions which may differ substantially from outside conditions;
- (c) OSFC does not warrant the accuracy of the information when applied or used under other than unique OSFC laboratory conditions;
- (d) The information should not be construed as a representation of product performance by either GSFC or the manufacturer;
- (e) Neither the United States government nor any person acting on behalf of the United States government assumes any liability resulting from the application or use of the information.

TABLE I, Part Informati --

Generic Part Number:

ΡΛ10Λ

CASSINI/CIRS

Part Number:

PA10A

CASSINI/CIRS

Control Number:

10903

Charge Number:

C44372

Manufacturer:

Apex Microtech Corp

Lot Date Code:

unknown

Quantity Tested:

6

Serial Number of

Control Sample:

10

Serial Numbers of

Radiation Sample:

10

Part Function:

Power OP-AMP

Part Technology:

Linear

Package Style:

TQ-3

Test Equipment:

Sentry S-50

Test Engineer:

Tim Mondy

^{*} No radiation tolerance/hardness was guaranteed by the manufacturer for this part.

*A 3LE II. Radiation Schedule for PA10A

EVENTS	DATE
1) INITIAL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	06/22/94
2) 5 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.25 KRADS/HOUR)	06/22/94
POST-5 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/23/94
3) 10 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.25 KRADS/HOUR)	06/23/94
POST-10 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/24/94
4) 15 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.075 KRADS/HOUR)	06/24/94
POST-15 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/27/94
5) 20 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.25 KRADS/HOUR)	06/27/94
POST-20 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/28/94
6) 30 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.5 KRADS/HOUR)	06/28/94
POST-30 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/29/94
7) 50 KRAD IRRADIATION (1 KRADS/HOUR)	06/29/94
POST-50 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	06/30/94
8) 75 KRAD IRRADIATION (0.74 KRADS/HOUR) POST-75 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT (Power outage occurred after 29 hrs. Parts annealed at room temperature under bias for 2.5 days. Dose rate was then adjusted to complete irradiation within 23 hrs)	07/01/94 07/06/94
9) 100 KRAD IRRADIATION (1.25 KRADS/HOUR)	07/06/94
POST-100 KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	07/07/94
10) 168-HOUR ANNEALING @25°C	07/07/94
POST-168 HOUR ANNEAL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	07/14/94
(Parts were stored under bias at 25°C for approximately 360 hours due to test equipment problems.)	
11) 168-HOUR ANNEALING @100°C** POST-168 HOUR ANNEAL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	07/14/94 07/21/94

PARTS WERE IRRADIATED AND ANNEALED UNDER BIAS; SEE FIGURE 1.

^{*}High temperature annealing is performed to accelerate long term time dependent effects (TDE), namely, the "rebound" effect due to the growth of interface states after the radiation exposure. For more information on the need to perform this test, refer to MIL-STD-883D, Method 1019, Para. 3.10.1.

Unless Otherwise Specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, VCC = +/-40Vdc, $V_{OUT} = 0V$, Gain = 100

TEST NAME	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	LIMITS					
			MIN	MAX				
		SUPPLY CURRENT						
Plus_Ice	Icc	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	0.0ma	30.0mA				
Minus_Icc	Icc	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	-30.0mA	0.0mA				
		INPUT OFFSET TESTS	Johns	U.UIIIA				
VOS_10V	v_{IO}	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{CC} = +/-10Vde$	-12.00mV	12.00m				
VOS_40V	v_{IO}	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{CC} = +/-40Vdc$	-6.00mV	6.00mV				
VOS_45V	v_{IO}	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{CC} = +/-45Vdc$	-7.00mV	7.00mV				
P_IIB_0V	+I _{IB}	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	-30.00nA	30.00nA				
N_IIB_0V	-IIB	V _{OUT} = 0V	-30.00nA	30.00nA				
IIOS_0V	ΙO	V _{OUT} = 0V	-30.00nA	30.00nA				
CMRR	CMRR	$V_{CC} = +/-15 \text{Vdc}$, $V_{CM} = +/-9 \text{V}$	74dB	20.0011				
		AMPLIFIER OUTPUT TESTS						
P_VOUT_1K	VOP	Iout =80mA, V _{CC} = +/- 45Vde	40.0V	···				
V_VOUT_2K	V _{OP}	Iout =-80mA, V _{CC} = +/- 45Vdc	7040 ¥	-40.0V				

Exceptions: The Following Tests are Not Performed Due to Tester Limitations:

- OutPut Voltage Swing at Iout = 2A
- OutPut Voltage Swing at Iout = 3A.
- OutPut Voltage Swing at Iout = 5A
- · Current Limit
- Slew Rate
- Open Loop Gain
- Stability/Noise

TABLE IV: Summary of Electrical Measurements after Total Dose Exposures and Annealing for PA10A /I

							Total Dose Exposure (krads)												1	Anne	aling				
				Init:	ials	5		10		15		20		30		5(, 	75		100		168 1	nrø	168 I	
		Conc.	Lim./2			-								1								@25 '	°C	@100	o°C
Parameters		min	max	mean	вđ	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean		mean		mean	ed	mean	ød	mean		mean	gđ	mean		mean	
Plus_Icc	MΑ	٥	30	19.01	0.62	18.9	0.73	1.6 9	0.64	18.9	0.75		0.69	3 8 ,8	0.74	100				8.5	0.62	31 4 22.0	0.82	10.4	0.92
Minus Icc	жA	-30	Ç.	13.9	0.65	-18.9	Q.83	500 55	0.82	-18.5	0.74	*18.8	0.73	≈18.3	0.76	-12.7	0.81	20 E 122	0.52	*166	0.59	+18.6	0.83	-18,3	0.92
VOS_10V	. TR	+12	12	3 8 0 8 8	0.27	0.20	0.48	## M	1.26	#####	1.14	#3%[#	0.72		1.47	1,56	0.97	3.4	1.11	1.60	0.59	\$4.44	0.67	1,82	0.97
VCS 40V	mV	-6	6	-0.19	0.04	-0.13	0.13	1.2	1.08	1 45	1.10	2.04	0.65	1.63	2.19	1.00	•	2.15		2,72	1.23	1.64	1.17	1,95	1.41
VOS 45V	πV	-7	٦ -	-0.19	0.04	+0.22	-0.05	0:91	1.19	0.80	1.21		0.98	1.19	1.21	4.45	1.25	200	1.53	1,79	1.64	1,15		1251	1.35
P_IIB_OV	nΑ	-30	30	4 . 34	5.15	6.45	4.7		5.01	10.5	4,91	10.6	4.12	16.7	5.17	25.7	6.37	35.6	6.82	42,1	7,29	35. L	7.01	20.5	4.94
N IIB OV	ρÀ	-30	30	21.7	5.04	22.0	4.6	24.1	4.32	18_2		26.8	2,82	3.3.4	5.25	46.6		\$9.2		63.0	10.1	55.4		36.8	4.74
TIOS OV	nλ	-30	30	-17.2	2.71	121.5	11.4	-19.A	2.53	-17.4	4.26	-18.1	2.19	-17.0		+20.8		-23.5		*20.9	5.56	-26.4	4.34	-16.3	
CHR 18V	đВ	74	1	124.1	132	12175	11.4	107.5	16.11	112	9.74	108 A	5.92	200	10.5	1020		96.Q		104	13.3	102	10.0	110	11.7
P VOUT	v	40	1	42.4	0.06	42.4	0.06	12.4	0.06	42.4	0.06	27.2 3.1	0.05	1	0.06	(P. 10)	0.06	42.4		42.4	0.04	€Z9 ≸		12.5	0.08
TUOV_N	v		-40	41.3	0.13	94124	0.13	-11.4	0.13	-41.4	0.13	41,4	0.13	41.4	0,12	-41.4	0.12	*41.4	0.12	÷t, i	0.14	-41.4	0.12	***	0.12

^{1/} The mean and standard deviation values were calculated over the five parts irradiated in this testing. The control sample remained constant throughout the testing and is not included in this table.

^{2/} These are manufacturer's non-irradiated data sheet specification limits. No post-irradiation limits were provided by the manufacturer at the time the tests were performed.

^{3/} The radiation sensitive parameters were N_IIB and P_IIB.

Figure 1. Radiation Bias Circuit for PA10A

